Month Anniversary of the Pretestant Episco-pal Church Missionary Society for Seamen. This society celebrated its ninth analyersary on Sun-day evening last, at St. George's Church, Stuyesant square, the Provisional Bishop, Dr. Wainwright, presid-tion, Although the smaller special property of the chi-Although the weather was most unfavorable to the

on, the attendance was very numerous. After the

rfermance of the usual religious ceremonies, in which w. Dr. Price and Rev. Messrs. Eigenbrodt and Camp

Seard of Managers. This document represented the so-sety to be in a prosperous condition, although the excenses of the past year were increased over those of former years. The managers acknowledge the receipt, since their last report, of 34,952 47, being an increase of on the amount received the preceding year. With these means we have been enabled to sustain the three branches of the mission, and reach the close of the year out of ebst. It must, however, he allowed us to say that the upholding of two chapels, the payment of sections and other indispensable charges, courselved on the tree of the three of the payment of place the salaries of the three institutions of the payment of place the salaries of the three sections of expenditure, we have still watched the moderate flow into the treasury with ancessing interest, lest it should fail the suply our needs. The cunday services of your senior missionary were interrupted for two weeks during the past winter, by the shaling of his chapel, in the slip state that the past winter, by the shaling of his chapel, in the slip state that the past winter, by the shaling of his chapel, in the slip state that the past schementation of smow on the roof of the building and extensive the salaries of the salaries of the shaling of his chapel, in the slip state of the salaries of smown in the slip state of the salaries of the two chapts, and the saggregate number of partakers at the monthly communion at both chapts has varied from sixty to eighty. The experiment of preaching in the open ar at a theory of the salaries of the salaries of salaries of the two chapts, and the saggregate number of partakers and the salaries of the society, and the partakers will be invited to join in daily prayers, and kindly guided in w

beviathan, to bring the fabrics of the East from their de-tant leoms, and the rich furs of the north from their firzen abodes to peril his life, in order that they may be rich as princes. I ask you, said the speaker, in canclusion, to assist the sailor with some of that wealth. This society needs funds wherewith to furnish the means of relieving the shipwrecked mariner, and providing food for his mind, body, and soul.

At the close of the reverend gentleman's discourse, of which we have given a very brief abstract, a collection was taken up for the aid of the society.

Benediction was then pronounced, and the congregation dispersed.

Benediction was then pronounced, and the congregation dispersed.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Beebe and Ald. Ward and Denman.

CHARGE OF ASSAULT AND BATTERY WITH INTENT TO KILL—CONFUSION OF TONGUSS.

APRIL IS—Joseph Velletini, an Italian, was charged with stabbing Charles Kauth, the keeper of a restaurant in North William street, with a sword cane, on the night of the 26th March.

The trial presented a curious confusion of tongues. The prosecutor, a German told his story tolerably well in English on his direct examination, as follows:—On the night of the day in question he first saw the prisoner at his place, at half past tweive o'clock; he was not then drunk; he asked for a glass of wine, and witness gave it to him; he wanted to sit down; witness was at another table with a few friends taking wine; the prisoner commenced taiking loud but witness paid no attention; he table, he sat down; witness went to wipe the table, and he attable dim with the sword cane three times in his head, once in his right arm, and once in his left breast, fire times alticecther; witness them started back, and basic he was stabled. This testimony was corroborated by a country man of the last witness.

For the defence six or seven witnesses, some French and some Italian, were called, in order to show that the prisoner was insane; but they merely proved that he was very excitable under the influence of drink. He was a plaster of paris worker.

The procecutor was recalled to explain his (the prisoner) conduct previous to the assault, but was unable to do m in English; and his French was so much intermingled with German, that Mr. Scoohi, who had hitherto interpredude between all the parties, abandoned the attempt to render the interpretable tween all the parties, abandoned the attempt to render the interpretable tween all the parties, abandoned the attempt to render the interpretable tween all the parties, abandoned the attempt to render the interpretable tween all the parties, abandoned the attempt to render the interpretabl

doubtful whether he ought to press for a conviction to the felony, and Jadge Beebe charged the jury, that though there was not sufficient evidence of insanity shown to free the prisoner from all accountability, the total absence of motive was an important element in determining a question of intent, and it would perhaps be not safe, under the circumstances, to convict of the higher crime. The jury immediately returned a verdict of guilty of assault and battery only. The prisoner was thereupon remanded for the consideration of his case by the court until Saturday next.

NOUNERY OF PLATE—BOUGE ET NOIR.

the house of Mrs. Mary L. Humphries. No. 57 Warren street, where the darkey had been employed to shake cargets.

In addition to Mrs. Humphries' testimony, the black had confessed the theft before the magistrate, and the red said he had only helped in selling the silver, but now denied that he had anything to do with it. There was no other admissible evidence, and the jury after a short absence declared in favor of red, but found black guilty. The Court sentenced the latter to two years' imprisonment, and strongly advised "Beddy," who was an old acquaintance, to leave the city.

APPLICATION TO REDUCE BAIL.

In the case of Samuel J. Proper, charged with false pretences, the Grand Jury returned a true bill, and the prisoner was arrayned. He pleaded not guilty; and his sounsel, Mr. Wheaton, applied for a reduction of bail from \$2,000 to \$1,000. The application was peremptorily denied by the Court.

THE TOWER AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

THE TOWER AT THE CRYSTAL PALACE.

On the Grand Jury coming into court Judge Beebe drew their attention to the subject of the wooden tower now in course of ecction at the Crystal Palace, which he was informed was to be raised to a height of 250 feet, and the base of which appeared to him very insufficient. It might, he said, be perfectly safe, but was perhaps worthy the same that the same tha

ttention. sourt adjourned till this (Tuesday) morning.

United States District Attorney's Office.

THE NEW OFFICIAL.

APRIL 18.—Mr. J. Present Hall has received an official communication from the Treasury Department at Washington, informing him that Mr. Charles O'Conor has been appointed his successor, and requesting him to place in the hands of that gentleman all papers and documents pertaining to the department. Mr. O'Conor will assume the duties of his new office immediately, and, we understand, will retain the long tried services of Mr. Ridgway, the present chief clerk, and Mr. Robinson, the second clerk.

Trial of Pitzgere'd for the Murder of his

GOURT OF OTER AND TERMINER.

Box. Judge blevards, and Albarnes Feek and Doherty. And Judge blevards, and Albarnes Feek and Doherty. The Judge blevards of the Latterney said that, in the case of Mr. Cruise, the Sheriff's officer, who was ordered to show cause against contempt of event, in demanding 35 from Mr. North, a juror, to exempt him from serving as a juror Mr. North, a juror, to exempt him from serving as a juror Mr. North, an and ditumber the said of the contempt of the man and the said of the said

Cross examined by Mr. Phillips—Mrs. Fitzgerald did not sell drink. I never was in her back room before the morning ahe was killed, it was Bolan's store deceased rau into the morning I saw the priconer chase her with the axe it was about the time people were going to church.

Francis Connerty deposed—in January last I lived in Fast Syxteenth street. I worked in Thirty-third street at that time: I was on my way home. I heard a screaming as it was about the time people were going to church.
Francis Connerty deposed—In January last I lived in
East Sixteenth street: I worked in Thirty-third street at
that time: I was on my way home; I heard a screaming as
I was coming by the second door from the corner of
Thirty-sixth street; it appeared to be a female voice; the
next I heard was what I thought the report of a pistol
shot I stepped backward, looked in, and saw a man shut
the door of the back room leading into the store; I did not
pass any remarks on the man, I never saw him before; I
waiked on to Twenty-fourth street, and two men came by
shortly afterward with the prisoner; I went back to the
place where I heard the pistol shot, and there saw the
body of the deceased.

Themas W. Bennett deposed—That he lived in Sixtysecond street, between Third and Lexington avenues, in
January last; I was in the store the morning Mrs. Fitzgerald was tilled; when I first went in there was no person in it, Fitzgerald was looking at me through the back
door; he asked me what I wanted, and I said cost; and
he said he could'nt give it, or he hadrin it; I got cost
elsewhere, and while lighting my fire, I heard Mrs. Fitzgerald was killed; I went to her store, and saw her lying
between the store and the bed.

Cross-examined—Did not see Mrs. Fitzgerald when I
went to the store in the morning [A diagram produced.]
This is correct; I saw her fifteen or twenty minutes after
she was shot.

Michael Dolan deposed—I lived at 490 Third avenue in
January last; I knew Fitzgerald and his wife; heard she
was killed, and I went to her store, the back door was

section the store in the morning [4 diagram products]
This is correct; I have her affects or twenty minutes affer the correct of the product of the correct of the morning of the correct of the correct

either articles were found on his person: we barred was brought to the station beaus by the hall belan and a number of others; he appeared to be under the influence of fluore. But was rational.

Cross examined—The prisoner stated that he had had the pistol in his possessing stated that he had had the pistol in his possessing by the stove reading a paper, when his we had sting by the stove reading a paper, when his we had sting by the stove reading a paper, when his we should hereif; he got up for the purpose of rating it from her, a scuffle ensued, and the pistol went off.

Joseph Boach deposed that he heard the alarm, and went to the prisoner's back room door; it was fastened; he then went into the street, returned again, and saw prisoner and Michael Dolan; saw Mrs. Fittgerald lying on the floor; I then took the prisoner to the station house. Cross examined—Saw homes Ward go into Mrs. Fittgerald's room on that Sunday morning.

To Pisiric Attorney—Heard the prisoner make unusual remarks to his wife a few months before this.

Captain Featherstone corroborated Dolan's testiminy. The case for the prosecution here closed, and the Court took a recess tor half an hour.

APPERINDON SESSIONS.

Mr. Palmer opened the case for the defence, the theory of which was that the deceased was a woman of violent temper, and that she had seized the pistol from the maniel piece, and that in a scuttle between them it went off, and deceased was shot.

Bridget Rourke deposed to the bad and quarrelsome temper of the deceased and that she saw her on one occasion throw a tumbler at the prisoner; saw them several times fing at one another.

Cross examined by the Unitriest Attorney.—Did not see Fittgerald catch his wife by the hair; had seen him chase her.

Cross examined her up and acked her why she wanted she appear d to have been drinking; she stood up to get what I wanted, but fell back and I want out; she was in the habit of coming to my store for liquor. And seen the same than the should be went into her store; she was a sleen, and he

was as defence showed—that the explosion of the pistol took place in a scuille between the prisoner and the deceased.

The District Attorney then proceeded to sum up the case for the prosecution, which he said pre-ented a melancholy picture of conjugal quarrels, and an unhappy state of life, resulting from the habit of intemperace. He reviewed the evidence at considerable length, and contended that the crime in this instance came under the first subdivision of murder.

Judge Edwards in charging the jury, said that it seemed from the testimony in the case that the dome-tic relations between the deceased and the prisoner had not been harnomious; they had frequent and violent quarrels; they were both more or less prone to intemperate habits; the deceased was a woman of large stature—not inferior in that respect to the prisoner. It would appear also that on more occasions than one she was the aggressor; that she assailed her husband and knocked him down. On the other hand, it seems that on one occasion he stized her by the hair of the head, and on another was seen pursuing her with an axe in his hand, and she flying from him. It was with persons between whom the mutual relations of man and wife existed that these scenes occurred. The proof shows that on two nights previous to the occurrence in question Mrs. Fitugerald had not slept at home; she slept with her neighbor, Mrs. Hardy; she had not been drinking at that time. The next we heared her is that she was at the house of Mrs. Roash; the next is at the nouse of state that these was found cead. The proof is that she was killed, and that she was found on the prisoner is the one by which she met her death, and the only question for you is, whether it was discovered. The presumption is, therefore, that the one found on the prisoner is the one by which she met her death, and the only question for you is, whether it was discharged by him, and, if it was, whether the act comes under the crime of murder or manslaughter. The evidence is entirely circumstantis, but creumst circumstantisi, but creumstantial evidence aray be as satisfatory as positive evidence. It is, however, necessary for a jury to find a complete chain of circumstances; there must be no link wanted townske it conclusive of guilt; the circumstances must be inconsistent with any reasonable hypothesis of the defence; not inconsistent with what is probable. The theory of the defence here is founded on the statement of the prisoner which is not admissable as evidence; but the reason it is received is that if the party is innocent he may be able to state a hypothesis consistent with his innocence. He states that the deceased took the pistel from the mantel piece and attempted her own life; that he endeavored to prevent her, and in the struggle she was killed. The learned Judge then reviewed the testimony, and said, is this consistent with the defence?—is it consistent with human action, as it is ordinarily developed, that the circumstances occurred as he states? If you should come to the conclusion that the supposition presented by the prisoner is reasonable, that you cannot find him guilty, then it will be unnecessary for you to proceed further. But on the other hand, if you think otherwise, you will say what is the nature of the crime. The Judge then defined the crimes of murder and manslaughter in their various degrees, as laid down in the statute, and continued to say the, case comes to this:—Do the circumstances proved here show that the prisoner was guilty of killing the deceased? Do they prove that the prisoner did it with premediated design? If so, then he is guilty of murder. If not, and that he did it in the heat of passion with a deadly weapon, without the design to effect death, why then he will be guilty of manslaughter in the third degree of crime, then you will say so on your caths, regardless of the consequences. If mercy is to be extended, that is the province of the executive. The jury retired at about a quarter to 6 o'clock.

At twenty minutes past seven they came into court, having previously sent

Total. \$8,155

Tobacco, hbda 153 \$11,195 N. stores bbis, 100 \$160
Do. mf, lbsl1,500 1 433 S. turpentine 17 247
Wax ... 310 9 Lig. vite, tons. 5 50
Bay rum, gls. 983 51

Total \$13,614

will sing a favorite balled and Miss Sophie will cance. The drama called "Evolven Wilson" will follow, and the entertainments will conclude with the "Boys of Sara-toga."

Christy's Opera House continues to be patronized as largely as ever. The vocal and instrumental amusements

Wood's Mineravie are in a very successful career legro delineations are greatly admired, and the

BANVARD'S HOLY LAND should be seen by the admirers of Scriptural history. The painting is excellent.

Romer Hallen is still delighting his patrons by his surprising feat of legaldemain. He offers a fine programme for this evening.

John Owens' Appine Rambles.—This place of amuse ment is becoming exceedingly appealar. The entertainment is excellent.

During the performance at the National theatre. Philis-

ment is excellent.

During the performance at the National theatre, Philadelphia on the 16th instant, of the opera of "fueta di Lammermoor," the scenery took fire, but the stame were promptly extinguished, not, however, before considerable alarm was created. Pozzolini was on the stage at the time, and elicited a round of applause by his efficiency and presence of mind.

Board of Supervisors.

April 18.—His Honor, the Recorder in the chair.

The minutes of the last proceedings were read and approved.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant for \$50, in favor of John Ridden, for services readered as secretary to the Board of Assessors for 1852.

Resolved That the Register certify, in the usual maner, the bills of elerks for indexing done by order of this Board, up to this date, upon the same being found correct.

The Board then adjourned to 4 o'clock on Monday next.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

MONDAY, April 18-6 P. M. The stock market opened this morning moderately noyant and active. There were plenty of sellers; but the class of buyers was one not calculated to guaranty much permanence to the slight improvement in prices. There are no outsiders of consequence in the street, and the fancies are pretty well distributed among weak holders. Most of the large operators have for some time past been selling out, and many have been selling short. The fact that there is such an immense short interest in the street, may put the fancies up several per cent. An advance produced by such a course cannot be but temperary, as the stocks would fall into the hands of the bulls upon a more inflated market, and they would be obliged to carry them, or let them down for the purpose of attracting purchasers. Parties who have heretofore been holders of large lots of the leading fancies have made a clean sweep, and weaker parties have now the burden on their shoulders. They do not pessess the means to carry them for any length of time, or the ability to get up combinations for a rise, that the strong houses in the street do, and any improvement which may be realized while stocks are so situated, cannot be of a strong or healthy character. We may see a movement up to-day, and a movement down to-morrow. This will probably continue until the appearance of the money market, and financial affairs generally, are sufficiently favorable to warrant decided action on the part of strong bodies of speculators. Things are approaching that point, but the time

has not yet come.
At the first board to day, Canton Company advanced ¼ per cent; Florence and Keyport, %; Nicaragua Transit. ¾; Cumberland, ¼; Phenix, ¼; Harlem, ¼; Norwich and Worcester, 36; Erie Railroad, 36; Hudson River Bailroad, 36; Michigan Central Railroad, 2; Rochester, Lockport and Nisgara Falls Railroad, 1. There was a small sale of Brunswick Land Company at 15 per cent, an advance of 1 per cent. on previous sales. Hanover Bank is steadily working up again. In railroad bonds we notice a little more activity. Erie and Hudson River bonds command more attention than any others, but we have no change of importance in market value to record, except in Eric Convertibles, 1862, which have improved one per cent since Saturday.

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of

port to-day amounted to \$140,108,64; payments, \$62,622 82—balance, \$6,622,127 19. The custom house return of Toronto, Canada, for the

5th inst, shows an import of £23,669, against £10,137 for the corresponding quarter of 1852 being an increase of £13,532. This large increase is at ributed to the action of the facilities afferded by the bonding laws of the United States, by which merchants are enabled to receive their

goods early in the spring.

The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company have issued their circular for the season, proposing to deliver their coal at Rondout, by the carge, at the following rates per

Chestnut and pea	. 2 90	3 00	3 10
The Pennsylvania Coal Com	pany wi	ll deliver	their coal
at Port Ewen, for the season	of 185	3, at the	following
rates:-			The state of the state of the
State Section 1	To July 1.	. To Sept.	Af'r Sept
Lump coal	.\$3 60	\$3 70	
Steamboat coal	. 3 75	3 85	3 95
Furnace or grate coal	. 3 75	3 85	3 95
Range or large stove coal	. 3 80	3 90	4 00

The company announce that they have made arrangements to bring not less than five hundred thousand tons to market this year, being an excess of 75,000 on the

business of the preceding year. The total value of the foreign exports from Baltimore for the week ending on Thursday, was \$100,175, exclusive of the cargo of the bark Linwood, valued at \$82,600, and of the bark Margaret Hugg, valued at \$46,256, both of which cleared coastwise for California. Including these the total value is \$238,031. The export of breadstuffs for the week comprises 12,934 barrels of four, 1,876 barrels of corn meal, and 6,694 bushels of corn. Shipments of coal on the Lehigh canal to Saturday last

Flour, bbls... 391

Oars..... Woodw'e, pgs.

Clothing, cs. 9
Ten pins. 3
Pekl'd meats. 2
Clocks. 61
Hardware. 1

London.
Liverpool.
Bristel,
Glasgew
Pelfast

were, for the week, 13,350 tons, and for the season, 21,857 tons, being an increase of 12,555 tons over the shipments to the corresponding time last year. The Lehigh canal has now been navigable for about three weeks; but operations have been much curtailed by the delay in opening the Delaware division of the Pennsylvania canal. Into this canal, water was begun to be let on Monday last, and the portion extending from New Hope to Bristol has been filled. But, upon attempting to fill that portion of the canal which extends from Easton to New Hope, it was found that, in consequence of the defective workmanship of the lock recently built at Uhler's, it was necessary again to draw off the water, and a further delay of ten or twelve days will probably be required to get the canal in condition for the passage of loaded boats. In the mean-time, the business of the entire region depending upon the Delaware division is suffering, and the loss in tolls to the State will probably be equal to the cost of construction of the new lock. The Reading Railroad Company brought down, for the week ending on Thursday, 28,463 tons, and the Schuylkill Navigation, for the week, to the same time, 18,699 tors. The tonnage tor the week by the

three lines is 60,522 tons, and for the season 469,230 tons. The trade is moving on, but not as brisk as it was supposed it would. The demand for white ash lump is good but the red ash trade is comparatively dull. In some of the markets the stocks lying over will last nearly to May. Prices, however, remain firm, both at Pottsville and at Richmond. So far the trade remains behind that of last

The annexed statement exhibits the quantity and value of certain articles exported from this port during the week ending and including Saturday, April 16th, 1853, distinguishing the destination and extent of shipments to each place:-

COMMERCE OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK-WEEKLY EXPORTS. Total.....\$72,020 | STA Total.....\$836,159 Cotten, bales, 483 \$23,247 Farina, bags., 70 \$700 Flour, bbls., 1 160 3,887 Spts turp e.bls 70 1,659 K. stores., 1,040 1,716 Staves..., 7,000 465 Total 30 331,890

Flour, bbls. 1,000 \$4,678 Corn, bush .. 5,349 \$3,477

bda 153 \$11,193 N. stores bbls, 100 \$100 Hamburg.
bs11,500 1 433 S. turpentine, 17 247 Amsterdam ...
310 9 Lig.vite,tons, 5 50 Rotterdam ...
is 983 51 \$13,64\$ Peru.

Cotton, bales. 748 82,166 Ginger, bis. 2,986 83,847 N.storea, bbls. 870 1,358 Ext logw'd, cas 770 3,938 Stat surp's. 132 3,932 Silverware. 2 500 Whone, lbs. 31,337 9 332 Coffee, bags. 2,685 25,123 Do. ceroons. 7 1 Do. stems. bis 66 Do. manf brs 5,684 1 051 Dy wood, tens 188 4.323 Sugar, brs. 442 8,600 Total. \$100 Silvery and the companion of th Excess of imports over exports \$2,320,700 Nothwithstanding the large shipments of merchandise and the great increase in value, compared with the corresponding period last year, the excess of imports continues very large. For the month, it will not vary much from five millions of dollars, unless some great change takes place in the movement of foreign goods. The limited exportation of specie tends materially to a reduction of the aggregate. It is a very curious fact, in connection with the heavy importation of foreign goods this season, that very little specie has been shipped, and foreign exchange has been pretty stationary at very low points. This is beyond our comprehension. The month of April is usually the time for making remittances in payment for importations, and we have been looking for an important advance in rates for sterling bills and an increased shipment of specie. Thus far our anticipations have not been realized, and indications of an easier money market are aiready quite plenty. At present they are not very strong; but it is the impression that, in the course of the next sixty or ninety days, we shall have as great an abundance of money as we have had for many menths. When all this becomes apparent, confidence will gradually return and we may then look for an upward movement in the stock market.

Stock Exchange. Nothwithstanding the large shipments of merchan Ashes, bbls... 24 Sp. turpentine 167 Lard. Ibs....8,971 Tobacco, hhd... 2 Do., cases... 85 Cotton, bales. 61 \$2.502 Jalap, bgs... 5
S. turp., bbls. 143 \$3,522 Logwood, tons 10
Castings, pcs... 5
Ext. Pwood, cs 350
Honey, tres. 276
Do. bbls... 150
Total.

ROTTERDAM.

\$2.502 Jalap, bgs... 5
200 Segars, case... 1
1,621 Staves....10,000
Honey, tres. 276
Do. bbls... 150

Total*

AVEE. Coffee, bgs... Rice, tes.... 71 808 Total......33,698 Flour, bbls. 1,506 Corn meal. 897 Pork. 318 S. Bread. 581 Beef. 15 I ard eils. 1 Books. cases. 4 Lard lbs. 7,768 Butter. 4 420 1,313 688 576 216 2,889 BRITIERI AUSTRALIA.

\$5,540 Cin, gals. 133
680 Whiskey. 101
705 Rum. 42
45 Wine, hhds. 2
90 Do. cases. 27
70 Do. baskets. 12
500 Do. cases. 437 Flour. bbls. 840
Pried fruits. 50
Rice, bhds. 50
Rye meal. 10
Peas. 20
Oil meal. 6
Lumber, ft. 15,009
W. ware, pkgs. 256
Bitters, cs. 27
Nails, pkgs. 350
Rricke 3650 Wine, hbds. 2
Do. cases. 27
Do. baskets. 12
Do. gals. 430
Segars. 26,000
Boots, shoes, cs 7
E ware, pkgs. 2
Hardware. 321
Clothing, cs. 11
Cart. 1 Furniture, pgs 15 Brandy, gals. 2,492 \$18,301

Stationery, cs. 17
Furniture 28
Sonp, boxes 150
Salt, sacks 860
Butter, lbs 7,672
Cheese 510
Lard 1,610
Hams 1,995
Guppowder 1,000 Pork, bbls. 360
Pickled fish. 375
Flour. 1,192
Apples 10
Naval stores 59
Beef. 115
Ship bread 200
Segars, cases 3
Twine, balos 4 683
Ref. sugar. 15 045
Lard 12,800
Butter. 6,608
Cheese 3,596
Hams 2,611 \$1.753 1,183 Cider, 5513... 23 853 Furniture pgs 7 310 Tombet's, bxs 3 703 Lumber, ft.10,000 2,616 Domestics, pgs 2 876 Shoes, cases... 1 C. meal, hhds. 10 Potatoes, bbis. 109 \$170 Candles, boxes 200
163 Ries, tres. 25
713 Lumber, ft. 25 000
895 Furniture, pkgs 3
1,296 Ironwork 4
517 Drugs 9
265 Shooks 325
304 Fork. 60 713 Lumber, ft. 25 000 Pkid, fish 213 895 Furniture, pkgs 3 Lard, lbs. 12 004 1,296 Ironwork. 4 Imms 4,311 617 Drugs 9 Cheese 3,947 265 Shooks 325 Butter 2,025 304 \$7,399 DANISH WEST INDIES. 5 \$985 Candles, boxs. 460

5,375 Pianoforte... 1 382 Demestics.pks. 10 400 Oakum, bags... 50 161 Rope, coils.... 157 817 Oil, sperm, gs. 119 132 Hardware.pgs. 3

PERU.

\$121 Flour, bbls... 200

\$120 Flour, bbls... 500

\$120 Flour, bbls... 500

\$120 Flour, bbls... 500

\$120 Flour, bbls... 200

#

Total

Total

Ship bread.	25	67	Cotton gins, cs	12	
Ship bread.	25	67	Cotton gins, cs	12	
Naval stores.	50	15	Spars	...	
Lard, lbs.	9 283	1,933	Pepper, bags.	59	
Domestics,pgs	16	934	Oll, whale, gs.	187	
Tea.	56	302	Hats, cases.	44	
G'powder,kegs	300	825	Drugs, pks.	18	
Biscuit, cases	3	36	Dried fish, cwt	22	
Lumber, feet. 2,900	62	Cars	...	100	
Matches, gr.	240	240	Rice huller	1	
Clocks, cases.	11	316	Eas. oil, case.	1	
Paper, reams.	670	313	Cassia	...	6
Trunks, nests.	10	61	Ferackers, bx	250	
Furniture, pgs	112	351	Hardwars, pgs	17	
Twine, lbs.	414	33	Tobacco, hids	2	
Manna, case.	1	124	Dag. app.,pkgs	2	
Total					

#2,135 Raisins, bxs. 25
64 Demijohns... 295
20 Pimento, cs. 670
6,500 Pepper. 67
1,986 Drugs, pkgs. 64
56 Findings, cs. 3
450 Paper, reams. 102
150 Duck, bales... 16
150 Duck, bales... 16 | Maps. cases. 3 | 450 | Paper, reams. 102 |
| Cassis, bags. 373 | Bandy, gal. 250 |
| Do. cases. 30 |
| Gun'y bgs, bs. 19 |
Wine, gals. 652	517	Croc'ry, pkgs. 4	
Do., baskets 25	250		
Do. cases. 150	342	Mach'ry, pkgs. 4	
Essential oil. 1	103	Rice hulless. 20	
Steel 19	150	Ha'ware pkgs 28	
Paper, bdls. 3	125	Pickles. bxs. 20	
Sardines. 6	6	60	Shot, pkgs. 8
Total	PREU.		

.\$77.490

in rates for Australia or California.

Hay was sparingly dealt in, at 50c. a 20c. per 100 lbs. Hors were in mederate demand, at 20c. a 22c. per lb. IRON.—A few retail lots of Scotch pig were taken at 2 per ton.

LATHS —Eastern were selling at \$1 68½ a \$1 75 p thousand.

LIME.—There prevailed a better demand for Rocklar at \$1 12½ for common, and \$1 50 for lump, per bbl.

Naval Storess.—Nothing additional occurred in rosin crude turpentine. Spirits of turpentine was active sought after. The sales reached 3,690 bbls, chiefly 50c. a 57c., with a few small lots at 60c., which was t price generally claimed at the close.

OILS.—Sales of 5,000 gallons linesed were effected at 6.0 a 57c. per gallon. Other articles varied livide.

FROVINUAS.—Pork was quiet. The high prices at impeded business. The sales did not exceed 400 bb. Western, in lots, at \$13 56 for prime, and \$16 for me per bbl. Cut meats were unchanged. Lard ruled acts and buoyant at higher rates. The sales amounted to be package prime at 2%c a 10c. per lb. Beef was inactibut firm. The sales embraced 230 bbls. at \$4 60 a \$6 country prime. \$5 75 a \$6 50 for city do; \$12 50 a \$13 for packed Chicago do.; and \$14 for excra do., per b Prime mees beef was more valuable. There were 1 tierces bought, at \$22 No change occurred in butter cheese.

REAL FRANE—Sales at Auction—By Anthony Bleecker:—House and lot north side of Nineteenth street 400 feet from Seventh avenue, lot 2040, \$3,025. Williamsburg property—2 lots on Senth Second avenue, it ween Ninth and Tenth streets, each 25x00, \$5 050. Beccheese.

St. lot 25x100, \$2,960. By Cole & Chilton—House a lot on Twenty-sixth street, 100 feet from Seventh avenue lot 24 x100, house 23 4x50, \$6 000; house and lot Ninteenth street, \$30 house and lot on Willous by avenue, 25 feet from Ryerson street, house 10 bas, there were some street, seed 25x100, \$2 100.

RECE Was advancing. The sales consisted of 129 tier good to prime, at \$3 50 a \$4 83% per 100 lbs.

Hits.—We we heard that 3,300 Rio Grande, 20% lb changed hands, at 11½c; an \$9.925

CITY TRADE REPORT.

Monday, April 18—6 P. M.

Ashes were in better request. The sales reached 7 bbls. at \$5 50 a \$5 50% for pearls, and \$5 for pots pe 100 lbs.

Bikadstyffs.—Flour was rather dull, and a shad cheaper. Home dealers alone were buying with freedom The sales included \$2.00 bbls.—sour et \$4; superfine No 2 at \$4 12% a \$4 25; ordinary State at \$4 50 a \$4 56% good do. at \$4 56% a \$4 62%; mixed Indiana and Michigan at \$4 68% a \$4 63%; straight In diana and Michigan at \$4 68% a \$4 81%; fancy Indian and Michigan at \$4 81% a \$4 87%; common to goo Obio at \$4 62% a \$4 81%; fancy Genesse and Obio at \$25 a \$5 68%; and extra Genesse at \$5 12% a \$per bbl. Canadian was unaltered. There was less it quiry for Southern, which ruled firm and uniform The sales amounted to only 1,000 bbls. at \$4 63% a \$5 12% for mixed to good; \$5 18% a \$6 43% for favorite.

\$5 50 a \$6 50 for fancy, per bbl. Fine rye flour was at alinable at \$3 75 per bbl. Corn meal, was pretty briand steady. The sales —muraced, 500 bbls. dersey a \$3, and 500 Brandywine at \$3 37% per bbl. Wheat we more freely tendered at languid prices. The sales consisted of 1,000 bushels Genesses white at \$1 25, and 7,50 bushels Ohio do. at \$120. Rye and oats were unchanged. There have been 700 bushels barley purchased at 66 Corn continued to favor buyers, the supply being larg and the demand less animated. The sales comprise 24 500 bushels at \$8 26 a 60% for damaged; 61c a 65c for yellog per bushel.

CATHLE—At market, 2,500 beef cattle (2,200 South an West, remainder this State). Since our last there he have been remainder and rices if anything are per bushel.

CATILE—At market, 2,500 beef cattle (2,200 South an West, remainder this State). Since our last there he been a very fair demand and prices, if anything, are shade higher. The range of the market to day is from \$8\forall a\$ a \$10\forall per cwt. The latter is a higher figure that we have been able to quote for some time past. About 100 left over un-old. At Washington drove yard—offers 1,900 beeves (1,300 Southern and Western, the remaind this State). The market is quite active, and prices we firm. Sales at from \$9\forall to 0.00 per lb., as in quality about 100 head were left over unsold. At Browning's (Lower Bull's Head)—the offerings amounted to 1,000 and were all sold at from \$3.50 a \$7.50. Cows at calves—75 offered, and all but 12 sold, at from \$25 a \$5. At Chamberlain's—(Hudson River Bull's Head)—offers 300 beef cattle. Prices from \$\forall a\$ 100. 75 cows_at calves, \$25 a \$50. 1,000 sheep, at \$3.50 a \$7.50.

COFFER seemed in fair request. The sales includ 1,400 packages Java, at 10c. and 500 Rlo, at 9\forall c. per 10. COTTON.—The sales to-day amount to 2,000 bales, at fir prices.

Fire Charkers—There were 1,000 boxes Canton. 429 109 116 604 315 32 250 188 250 100 100 903 5,078 150 401 50 158

COTTON.—The sales to-day amount to 2,000 bales, at fir prices.

FIRE CHACKERS.—There were 1,000 boxes Canton, packs. disposed of on private terms.

FRUT.—About 500 boxes bunch raisins changed hand at \$2.76.

FRUGHTS.—There was very little doing for Liverpo and rates were to some extent nominal. Some lots cotton were engaged at 5-15d. Flour was at about 2 and the last grain was taken at 63d. in bulk. There we nothing new to notice in rates for London. To Have cotton was going forward at \$2c. and ashes, with rice, \$8 a \$10. To Antwerp, 40 hhds. tobaceo were engaged 35s. The 3,000 bags coffee (not cotton) noticed on Satu day, were taken at \$6c. There was no change to not in rates for Australia or California.

HAY was sparingly dealt in, at 80c. a 90c. per 100 be Hors were in mederate demand, at 20c. a 22c. per lb. IRON.—A few retail lots of Scotch pig were taken at per ton. \$1,700 178 418 1,014 224 200 581 741 242 293 780 3,065

872,920 Br. N. A. Colonies. \$33 698 836,159 Br. West Indies. 27,525 22,445 Br. Australia. 18,301 31,800 Cuba. 65,655 8,155 Hayti. 30,681 17,688 Porto Rico. 7,399 113,077 Danil-h West Indies. 16,803 17,779 New Granada. 22,672 20,264 Venezuela. 9,221 13,614 Bresil. 87,644 46,475 China. 77,499